POLIT	ICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-I				
A CONTRACT OF	COMPETITIV RECRUITMENT	IC SERVICE COMMISSION /E EXAMINATION FOR FO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER L GOVERNMENT, 2010	Roll Number		
	POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-I         TIME ALLOWED:       (PART-I) 30 MINUTES       MAXIMUM MARKS:20 (PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES         NOTE:       (i)       First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes.         (ii)       Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.				
NOTI					
		<u>PART – I (MCQ)</u> (COMPULSORY)			
Q.1.	-	and fill in the appropriate box on the A	Answer Sheet. (20)		
(i)	<ul><li>The sovereignty in Islamic Politi</li><li>(a) Majlis-e-Shura</li><li>(c) Muslim population</li></ul>	ical System belongs to: (b) Caliph (d) None of these			
(ii)	<ul><li>The founder of communism is:</li><li>(a) Plato</li><li>(c) Mao-Tse-TUNG</li></ul>	<ul><li>(b) Karl Marx</li><li>(d) None of these</li></ul>			
(iii)	Allama Iqbal was elected as a m (a) 1919 (c) 1935	ember of Punjab Legislative Council in: (b) 1926 (d) None of these			
(iv)	According to Plato the populatio (a) 5040 (c) 50040	n of an ideal state should be: (b) 50400 (d) None of these			
(v)	Opposite of private law is: (a) International Law (c) Common Law	<ul><li>(b) Public Law</li><li>(d) None of these</li></ul>			
(vi)	<ul><li>INITIATIVE and RECALL met</li><li>(a) Great Britain</li><li>(c) China</li></ul>	hods oftenly used in: (b) India (d) None of these			
(vii)	• • • •	ressure groups to impress the legislature (b) Lobbying (d) None of these	z		
(viii)	John AUSTIN presented his theo (a) 1632 (c) 1832	bry of sovereignty in a book which was (b) 1732 (d) None of these	published in:		
(ix)	Single Transferable vote system (a) Thomas Hare (c) J.S. MILL	was suggested for proportional represer (b) Lord COURNEY (d) None of these	ntation by:		
(x)	<ul><li>Principle of collective responsib</li><li>(a) Federal system</li><li>(c) Parliamentary system</li></ul>	ility is a feature of: (b) Presidential system (d) None of these			
(xi)	KEEMYAE – SAADAT was wr (a) Niazam-ul-Mulk Toosi (c) Allama Iqbal	itten by: (b) Imam Ghizali (d) None of these			
(xii)	The word 'Democracy' has been (a) Greek (c) English	a derived from the language: (b) Latin (d) None of these			

POLITI	CAL SCIENCE, PAPER-I		
(xiii)	<ul><li>Abu Nasar Farabi died in the year:</li><li>(a) 750 A.D.</li><li>(c) 950 A.D.</li></ul>	(b) (d)	850 A.D. None of these
(xiv)	<ul><li>Waliud Din Abdur Rehman famously kno</li><li>(a) Ibne Khaldun</li><li>(c) Al Mawardi</li></ul>	wn as (b) (d)	s: Ghizale None of these
(xv)	<ul><li>The book 'Govt. and Politics in Pakistan'</li><li>(a) Mushtaq Ahmad</li><li>(c) Lawrence Zairing</li></ul>	was v (b) (d)	vritten by: Khalid bin Saeed None of these
(xvi)	<ul><li>The term POLITY is originally applied to</li><li>(a) Roman City States</li><li>(c) United States of America</li></ul>	: (b) (d)	Greek City States None of these
(xvii)	<ul><li>The famous book 'The Spirit of Laws' wr</li><li>(a) 1734 A.D.</li><li>(c) 1784 A.D.</li></ul>	itten l (b) (d)	
(xviii)	<ul><li>The Greek philosopher Aristotle died in:</li><li>(a) 322 B.C</li><li>(c) 384 B.C</li></ul>	(b) (d)	332 B.C None of these
(xix)	<ul><li>The book 'Sairul Malook' was written by:</li><li>(a) Al Farabi</li><li>(c) Al Ghizali</li></ul>	: (b) (d)	Al Mawardi None of these
(xx)	<ul><li>Benito Mussolini was the originator of:</li><li>(a) National Socialism</li><li>(c) Facism</li></ul>	(b) (d)	Guild Socialism None of these
		PAR'	<u>Γ – ΙΙ</u>

	(i)	PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
	(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. Selecting at least TWO questions
<b>NOTE:</b> from <b>EACH SECTION.</b> All questions carry <b>EQUAL</b> marks.		from EACH SECTION. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
	(iii)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

# SECTION - I

Q.2. "Is it correct to call Machiavelli citizen of all states and contemporary of all ages." Argue.	(20.
Q.3. "Aristotle was great but not grateful student of Plato" comment.	(20)

- Q.4. "Al-Mawardi brought constitutional theory of Islam in line with political reality of his time." Discuss this with reference to his views on 'Khilafat' and 'Wizarate'. (20)
- Q.5. Write short notes on the following. (10+10) (i) Ideal State of Al Farabi
  - (ii) Iqbal's views on Ijtehad

# <u>SECTION – II</u>

Q.6.	"An Ideal Islamic State is bound to bring revolutionary changes in all spheres of human Discuss.	1 life." (20)
-	Would you agree if it is stated that dictatorship is the only remedy for social, political and eco instability in a developing country?	onomic (20)
Q.8.	Write short notes on the following:(1(i) Attributes of Sovereignty.	0+10)
	(ii) Opinion Polls	

(ii) Opinion Polls.

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POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-II				
FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010				
	POLITICAL SCIEN	<u>CE, P</u>	PAPER-II	
Γ	ALLOWED: (PART-I) 30 MINUTES (PART-II) 2 HOURS &			UM MARKS:20 UM MARKS:80
NOTE	<ul> <li>(i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on after 30 minutes.</li> <li>(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the optio</li> </ul>	-		
			MCQ)	
			<u>SORY)</u>	
<b>Q.1.</b> (i)	Select the best option/answer and fill in Which American state is called the mothe			ver Sheet. (20)
	<ul><li>(a) Florida</li><li>(c) Texas</li></ul>	(b) (d)	New York Virginia	
(ii)	The British constitution is based on:	(1-)	Checks and balances	
	<ul><li>(a) The theory of separation of powers</li><li>(c) Judicial review</li></ul>	(b) (d)	Difference between the theory	ory and practice
(iii)	<ul><li>The Congress sits at a place in Washingto</li><li>(a) Capital Hill</li><li>(c) 10 Downing Street</li></ul>	on DC (b) (d)	is called: White House None of these	
(iv)	<ul><li>The title of the former emperor of Russia</li><li>(a) Sir</li><li>(c) Lord</li></ul>	was: (b) (d)	Czar King	
(v)	The word 'REX' stands for: (a) The Queen (c) The Court	(b) (d)	The Crown The Parliament	
(vi)	The constitutional history of France begin (a) 1780 (c) 1789	ns with (b) (d)	n the French Revolution of: 1786 1890	
(vii)	The American Declaration of Independen (a) 4 July 1772 (c) 4 July 1783			
(viii)	<ul><li>According to the constitution of France th</li><li>(a) The Prime Minister</li><li>(c) The Queen</li></ul>	ne Exe (b) (d)	cutive head of the Governme The President The King	nt is:
(ix)	The Soviet Union was dissolved in: (a) 1989 (c) 1991	(b) (d)	1990 1992	
(x)	<ul><li>The first president of the Fifth Republic v</li><li>(a) Coty</li><li>(c) Chirac</li></ul>	vas: (b) (d)	General DeGaulle None of these	
(xi)	<ul><li>The smallest administrative unit in the Br</li><li>(a) The Parish</li><li>(c) The country</li></ul>	ritish L (b) (d)	Local Self Government is: The borrough The district	
(xii)	The authority of Judicial Review was exe (a) 1808 (c) 1821	rcised (b) (d)	for the first time by the Chie 1803 1825	f Justice Marshal in:

POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-II				
(xiii)	The quorum for the House of Lords is:			
	(a) 50	(b)	14	
	(c) 3	(d)	12	
(xiv)	The Gullotine or closure by compartment	is a te	erm used in the law making procedure in:	
	(a) USA	(b)	UK	
	(c) France	(d)	Turkey	
(xv)	The Lengthiest written constitution of the	world	d is the:	
× /	(a) British Constitution	(b)		
	(c) Chinese Constitution	(d)	French Constitution	
(xvi)	The ideological foundation of the Turkish	Cons	stitution is based on:	
· · ·	(a) Kamalism	(b)	Socialism	
	(c) Islam	(d)	None of these	
(xvii)	The Iranian Revolution under the leadersl	nip of	Ayatullah Khomeini removed the monarch in:	
× /	(a) 1989	(b)	1979	
	(c) 1997	(d)	1980	
(xviii)	The founder father of the modern china is	:		
	(a) Chiang Ki Shek	(b)	Derg Zu Ping	
	(c) Mao Tse Tung	(d)	Lu Hsun	
(xix)	The Objectives Resolution was made a part of the 1973 constitution in:			
· · ·	(a) 1977	(b)	1980	
	(c) 1985	(d)	1986	
(xx)	The Supreme Judicial Council under the	1973 c	constitution consists of:	
	(a) 9 members	(b)	10 members	
	(c) 5 members	(d)	7 members	
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# <u>PART – II</u>

	(i)	PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
	(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. Selecting at least TWO questions
NOTE:		from EACH SECTION. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
	(iii)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

# **SECTION – I**

- **Q.2.** "The Senate of USA is the most powerful upper house in the world." Do you agree with the statement? Explain your answer with reference to the upper houses of India and Pakistan. (20.
- Q.3. Explain how the British democracy is overshadowed by the cabinet dictatorship? (20)
- Q.4. How is the French President elected? Give an objective analysis of the powers enjoyed by the President. (20)

### SECTION - II

- Q.5. Explain the factors that transformed Jinnah, the ambassador of Hindu Muslim Unity, into the Quaide-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah of the Muslims. (20)
- Q.6. "Inspite of the provisions of provincial autonomy in the 1973 constitution there are Anti-Centre feelings in the federating units." Discuss this statement with special reference to Baluchistan and Sindh..(20)
- Q.7. Discuss the salient features of the constitution of the Peoples Republic of China in comparison with the constitution of former Soviet Union. (20)
- **Q.8.** Write a note on **ANY TWO** of the following:
  - (i) The predominance of the armed forces in the Turkish politics.
  - (ii) The role of the President of India.
  - (iii) Iranian Political System after the removal of the Shah of Iran.
  - (iv) Role of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan as a reformer.

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(10+10)