BOTANY, PAPER-I					
Up .		UBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION			
ALL SHI		FITIVE EXAMINATION FOR	S.No.		
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER					
		DERAL GOVERNMENT, 2009			
		BOTANY, PAPER-I	R.No.		
TIME	ALLOWED: (PART-I)	30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:20		
	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:80		
NOTE	after 30 minutes.	T-I (MCQ) on separate Answer She			
		PART – I (MCQ)			
		(COMPULSORY)			
Q.1.	Select the best option/ans	swer and fill in the appropriate box	x on the Answer Sheet. (20)		
(i)	The spores in bryophytic p	plant represent the first cell of the:			
	(a) Gametophytic genera		(c) Asexual generation		
(**)	(d) All of these	(e) None of these			
(ii)	(a) Cell wall structure	Euglenophyceae and chlorophyceae (b) Reserve food	(c) Pigment composition		
	(d) Structure of flagella	(e) None of these	(c) I ignient composition		
(iii)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	eveloped after fertilization in:			
	(a) Blue green algae	(b) Actinomycetes	(c) Bryophetes		
	(d) Red algae	(e) None of these			
(iv)	Rice belongs to family:				
	(a) Malvaceae	(b) Fabiaceae(e) None of these	(c) Solonaceae		
(v)	(d) Poaceae Gametophyte of fern is cal				
(\mathbf{v})	(a) Prothallus	(b) Protocorm	(c) Thallus		
	(d) Gametangia	(e) None of these			
(vi)	The sieve elements are ma	jor component of:			
	(a) Cambium	(b) Apical meristem	(c) Xylem		
(::)	(d) Phloem	(e) None of these			
(vii)	Which one of these is a part (a) Sunflower	(b) Begonia	(c) Biden		
	(d) Brasica	(e) None of these	(c) bluen		
(viii)		borne upon gametophyte and is dep	endent on it. This feature is present		
	in:		-		
	(a) Cycas	(b) Adiantam	(c) Equisetum		
<i>/•</i> \	(d) All of these	(e) None of these			
(ix)	Double fertilization is a type	-			
	(a) Algae(d) Angiosperm	(b) Fungi(e) All of these	(c) Bryophytes		
(x)	Marchantia reproduces veg				
(11)	(a) Apospory	(b) Gemma Cup	(c) Budding		
	(d) All of these	(e) None of these	() 0		
(xi)	Plant cell wall is composed	d of:			
	(a) Cellulose	(b) Polypeptides	(c) Phospholipids		
 ···> 	(d) Starch	(e) None of these			
(xii)	(a) Prostele	scular tissues are arranged in discrete (b) Radial stele	(c) Centric stele		
	(d) Eustele	(e) None of these	(c) contra store		
(xiii)		ble part is obtained from the Rhizom	e:		
()	(a) Potato	(b) Ginger	(c) Sugar beet		
	(d) Onion	(e) None of these			
(xiv)	Fertilization within an uno	-			
	(a) Cleistogramy	(b) Cleistocary	(c) Isogamy		
	(d) Oogamy	(e) None of these			

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(xv)	Meio	osis takes place during:				
	(a)	Gamete formation	(b)	Zygote formation	(c) Cambium formation	
	(d)	All of these	(e)	None of these		
(xvi)	Edib	le fungus is:				
	(a)	Penicillium	(b)	Agaricus	(c) Aspergillus	
	(d)	Phythium	(e)	None of these		
(xvii)	Spec	viation is:				
	(a)	Origin of species		Evolution of species	(c) Identification of species	
	(d)	Preservation of species	` '	None of these		
(xviii)	Colle	ective name given to sporangia				
	(a)	Sorus	• •	Sporangium	(c) Spathe	
	(d)	Sporangiophore	· ·	None of these		
(xix)		ll, spherical protein bodies sur				e:
	(a)	Lecoplasts	` '	Ribosomes	(c) Microsomes	
	(d)	Pyenidium	(e)	None of these		
(xx)		rocysts are present in:				
	(a)	Volvox	` '	Clostridium	(c) Cycas	
	(d)	E-Coli	(e)	None of these		
				<u>PART – II</u>		
	(i)	PART-II is to be attempted	l on	the separate Answer Boo	ok.	
NOTE:	(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR que	estio	ns from PART-II . All qu	estions carry EQUAL marks.	
NOIE:	(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not l			empted question will not be	e	
		considered.				
0	Dage	with the life history of any may	14:00	llular groop algo		(10)
		ribe the life history of any mu e note on different parameters				(10)
(0)	vv 11t	e note on uniferent parameters	wille	ch are used in classificati	on of argae.	(10)
0 3 (a)	Dage	ribe the general characteristic	and	I mathada of raproduction	in funci	(10)
		uss five plant diseases of econ		-		(10)
		-		-	-	
Q.4.	Expl	ain in detail the evolution of g	ame	tophyte and sporophyte in	n bryophytes?	(20)
Q.5.	Wha	t is pollination and fertilization	on?	Give an account of post	fertilization events leading to	o the
		lopment of seeds in angiosper				(20)
Q.6.	What do you understand by secondary growth? Describe the process in detail in a typical Dic			Dicot.		
	Stem	1.				
					((20)

Q.7. Explain the different systems of classification in angiosperms. Also discuss the modern trends in plant taxonomy. (20)

Q.8. Enlist the salient features of gymnosperms. Also describe the features in which this group resembles and differs with pteridophytes: (20)

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States Jahr		EXAMINATION FOR	S.No.
RAL P	$(72\pi)(1) \leq A(0)$	TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER	
	THE FEDERA	L GOVERNMENT, 2009	
	BOTA	NY, PAPER-II	R.No.
	(PAPT_I) 30 N	IINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:20
TIME		OURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS:80
NOTI	after 30 minutes.	ACQ) on separate Answer Shee	
	(ii) Over writing/cutting of	the options/answers will not be	
		<u>PART – I (MCQ)</u> (COMPULSORY)	
Q.1.	Select the best option/answer a	and fill in the appropriate box (on the Answer Sheet. (20)
(i)	Enzyme Fumarase convert fuma	ric acid into:	
	(a) Citric acid	(b) Isocitric acid	(c) lactic acid
	(d) Glutamic acid	(e) None of these	
(ii)	Plants growing under saline con	ditions are:	
	(a) Holophytes	(b) Mesophytes	(c) Hygrophytes
	(d) Halophytes	(e) None of these	
(iii)	The first product of CO_2 fixation	-	
	(a) Phosphoglyceric acid	(b) Glycolic acid	(c) Citric acid
(iv)	(d) Glutamic acid	(e) None of these	
(iv)	Mutations are most likely to be (a) 1AA	(b) CO_2	(c) Dextrose
	(d) Glycine	(b) CO_2 (c) None of these	(c) Dexhose
(v)	Most of the water absorption in		
(•)	(a) Root caps	(b) Root hairs	(c) Stomata
	(d) All of these	(e) None of these	(0) 20011111
(vi)	Oxygen produced during photos		
	(a) CO_2	(b) Carboxylic acid	(c) Glucose
	(d) Protein	(e) None of these	
(vii)	Chloroplasts in bundle sheath ce		
	(a) Grana	(b) Stroma	(c) Thylakoids
<i></i>	(d) All of these	(e) None of these	
(viii)		nities occupying a climatic region	
	(a) Biome	(b) Biosphere	(c) Biotype
(1)	(d) Phenotype In which group of plants stomat	(e) None of these	
(ix)	In which group of plants stomats (a) C ₃ plants	(b) C_4 plants	(c) Halophytes
	(d) CAM plants	(e) None of these	(c) Halophytes
(x)	The occurrence of vegetation in		
(A)	(a) Scarification	(b) Stratification	(c) Physiognomy
	(d) Pattern	(e) None of these	(c) i hysiogholiy
(xi)	A plasmid is a:		
× ,	(a) DNA	(b) RAN	(c) Protein
	(d) Microsome	(e) None of these	
(xii)	The total Genetic material within	n a cell is:	
	(a) Gene bank	(b) Genetic load	(c) Genome
	(d) Genetic Marker	(e) None of these	
(xiii)	Ribsomal RNA helps in:		
	(a) Replication	(b) Transcription	(c) Translation
	(d) Translocation	(e) None of these	
(xiv)	_	s plays most important role in sto	
	(a) K^+	(b) Ca^{++}	(c) Cl ⁻
	(d) Na^+	(e) None of these	

BOTANY, PAPER-II

DUIAN	NY, PAPEK-II			
(xv)	Dormancy in seeds may be	e due to:		
	(a) Hard seed coat	(b) Chemical Inhibitors	(c) Immature embryo	
	(d) All of these	(e) None of these		
(xvi)	How many ATP molecule	s are produced when one hexose su	gar molecule is converted into two	
	molecules of pyruvic acid	during glycolysis?		
	(a) 15	(b) 26	(c) 28	
	(d) 36	(e) None of these		
(xvii)	Open sea constituting about	at 90% of total ocean surface is calle	d:	
	(a) Pelgaic zone	(b) Littoral zone	(c) Intertida zone	
	(d) Neritic zone	(e) None of these		
(xviii)) Which one of the following RNAs is non-genetic and brings amino acids to the site of protein			
	synthesis?			
	(a) m RNA	(b) t RNA	(c) hn RNA	
	(d) pre-r RNA	(e) None of these		
(xix)	Transfer of material, fro	m higher concentration to lower c	oncentration across semipermeable	
	membrane is called:			
	(a) Mass flow	(b) Osmosis	(c) Ascent of Sap	
	(d) Diffusion	(e) None of the	se	
(xx)	Optimum phosphorus upta			
	(a) Neutral pH	(b) Acidic pH	(c) Alkaline pH	
	(d) All of these	(e) None of these		
		<u>PART – II</u>		
	(i) PART-II is to be a	ttempted on the separate Answer Bo	ook.	
NOTE:	(ii) Attempt ONLY FO	DUR questions from PART-II . All c	questions carry EQUAL marks.	
NOIE:	(iii) Extra attempt of	any question or any part of the a	ttempted question will not be	

110 120	(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be			
	considered.			
Q.2. (a)	What is photophosphorylation? Describe the cyclic and non-cyclic photophosphorylation. (10)			
(b) Enlist the essential plant mineral elements. Discuss the uptake of phosphorous and its role in plant				
	matchalism (10)			

metabolism.	(10)
Q.3. (a) Write note on: (i) Photoperiodism (ii) Vernalization	(10)
(b) What are enzymes? Discuss the chemical nature and mechanism of enzyme action.	(10)
(a) Write an essay on the role of climatic and edaphic factors on plant growth.(b) Discuss the problem of water logging and salinity. Also suggest important methods for reclamation of water logged and saline soils.	
 Q.5. (a) Describe the ultrastructure of chloroplasts. (b) Write notes on: (i) Biochemical nature of hereditary material (ii) Sex linked genes. 	(10) (10)
Q.6. (a) Discuss the role of water in plants.(b) Explain the concepts and productivity of ecosystems.	(10) (10)
Q.7. Write notes on the following. (i) Auxins (ii) Osmosis (iii) Transduction (iv) Significance of m	(20) neiosis

Q.8. Describe in details the different theories of evolution. Also discuss the merits and demerits of these theories. (20)
