## EXAMINATION, 2005 BOTANY, PAPER-I

Time	e Allowed 3Hrs. Max Marks 100				
Note:	Attempt five questions in all, including question no. 8, which				
	is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.				
1	(a) Describe in detail the life cycle of Chara. Why it is				
	considered more close to chlorophyceae?				
(b)	Write a note on followings:				
	<ul> <li>(i) Vegetative reproduction in Nostoc</li> </ul>				
T 123	<ul> <li>(ii) · Sexual reproduction in Oedogonium</li> </ul>				
	(iii) Plant body of Vaucheria				
2	(a) What are different types of Lichens? Give in detail				
	methods of reproductions in Lichens.				
(b)	Describe in detail the economic importance of fungi.				
3	(a) What do you know about Stellar System? Describe				
1.12	different kinds of stele.				
	(b) Differentiate between the following				
	(i) Heartwood and Sapwood				
	<li>(ii) Protoxylem and Mata xylem</li>				
	<ul><li>(iii) Parenchyma and Collenchyma</li></ul>				
	(iv) Porouswood and Non porous wood				
	<ul> <li>(v) Apical meristem and Lateral meristem</li> </ul>				
	(vi) Taxonomy and Systematics				
4. ,	(a) What are different types of systems of classifications?				
	Illustrate your answer with the help of example.				
1.5	(b) Write a note on followings:.				
	(i) Binomial Nomenclature				
	(ii) Rules of Nomenclature				
5	(a) Describe in detail male and female cones of Pinus.				
	(b) Draw neat and labelled diagrams of TS of leaf of				
	Pinus.				
Meret.	(a) What are stomata? Describe its structure and				
	functions				
6	(a) Give an account of life cycle of Equisetum.				
	(b) Write a detailed note on Pollination.				
7	(a) What do you know about Sporophyte of Riccia				
	<ul> <li>(a) Write down the characters of bryophytes.</li> <li>(b) Write contact of bryophytes.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>(b) Write a note on chemo taxonomy.</li> <li>(c) What is the second provide the second prov</li></ul>				
11.2	(a) What is the economic importance of algae?				

D-121	Comp	ilsory C	uestion		
8		CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	n the Answer Book. Do no	ot	
	reproduce the questio	n.			
(1)	Bentham and Hooker	system	of classification is an exampl	le	
	of:				
	(a) Artificial sys	tem	(b) - Natural system		
	(c) Modern syste	m	(d) None of these		
(2)	Potato belongs to fam	ily;			
	(a) Solanace	(b)	Cruciferae		
	(c) Malvaceae	(d)	Graminae		
(3)	Fruit is technically de	fined as:			
	(a) endosperm	(b)	Endocarp		
	(c) Cosphere	(d) .	None of these		
(4)	Double fertilization is	s typical	feature of :		
	(a) Bryophytes	(b)	Algae		
	(c) Fungi	(d)	Angiosperm	•	
(5)	Plant cell wall compo				
	(a) cellulose	(b)	Glucose		
	(c) chlorophyll	(d)	None of these	5	
(6)	The sieve elements ar	e the ma	jor components of:		
	(a) Xylem	(b)	phloem	10	
	(c) Cambium	the second se	None of these		
(7)	The phenomenon of n				
	(a) Somatic cell				
	(c) Meristematic		None of these		
(8)	Funaria is an example	and the second			
	(a) Fern	(b)	Algae		
	(c) Fungi	(d)			
(9)	Damping off disease is caused by				
	(a) Ustilayo	and the second	Aspergillus		
		and the second	None of these		
(10)	Algae are divided into different classes on the basis of:				
	(a) Body form			1.11	
	(b) Pigments				
	(c) Methods of R	eproduct	ion		
	(d) All of these			1	

(11)	In ascus mother cell after	meiosis the number of nuclei			
	produced are:				
	(a) 2 (b)	4			
1.1	(c) 16 (d)	8			
(12)	Rlue green algae is a comm	on name of:			
	(a) Xanthophyceaé				
	(b) Chlorophyceae				
61.C.	(c) Cyanophycemae				
1	(d) Charophyceae				
(13)	The largest algae in size				
	(a) Acetabularia (b)	Kelps			
	(c) Fucus (d)	None of these			
(14)	Agar agar is obtained from				
	(a) Phaeophyceae (b)	Chrysophyceae			
	(c) Rhodophyceae (d)				
(15)	The fibres found in phloem	are called .			
	(a) Wood fibre (b)	bast fibre			
	(c) brush fibre (d)	soft fibre			
(16)	In bryophytes the vegetative	e by:			
	(a) Sporphyte (b)	Stroboli			
3.40-	(c) Gametophyte (d)	None of these			
(17)	Marchantia reproduces vege	tatively by:			
a second	(a) budding (b)				
	(c) apospory (d)				
(18)	The differentiations of spore	ophyte into foot seta and capsule			
	is the characteristic of:				
120	(a) angeosperm (b)				
	(c) Pteridophytes (d)	Bryophytes			
(19)	If Xylem is present on inr	her side while phloem occupies			
	outer side then this type of arrangement of vascular bundle is				
- 4	ealled is:				
	(a) concentric (b)	bicollateral.			
	(c) collateral (d)	None of these			
(20)		porne upon gametophyte and is			
	dependent upon it. This character is found in:				
	(a) Adiantum (b)	Cycas			
	(c) Equisetum (d)	None of these			
C. I.					

## EXAMINATION, 2005 BOTANY, PAPER-II

Time Allowed 3Hrs.

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3

4.

(5)

6

7

## Max Marks 100

Note: Attempt Five questions in all, including Question no. 8, . which is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

(a) Discuss the role of light and the transformation of CO<sub>2</sub> in photosynthesis.

(b) Define respiration. What is meant by respiratory quotient.

(c) What is dormancy? Describe methods of breaking dormancy.

(a) Define ecology. Describe applications of ecology in detail.

(b) What is plant succession ? Give detailed account of process of plant succession starting in a lake.

(a) Give an account of methods for reclamation of waterlogged soil.

(b) Write an essay on natural resources of Pakistan .

(a) What is soil errosion? What are its causes? How we can control it?

(b) Environmental pollution is the result of Urbanization and industrializations. Comment.

Write notes on the following:

(a) Plant Hormones

(b) Vernalization and its significance

(c) Food Web

(d) Methods of Sampling vegetations

Describe the structure and functions of following cell organelles.

Draw diagram where necessary:

(a) Mitochonderia (b) Cell Wall

(c) Golgibodies (d) Endoplasmic reticulum.

(e) Ribosomes

(a) What do you know about theory of natural selection.

(b) What is mutation? Describe its different types?

(a) Give an account of crossing over and Polyploidy.

A STREET	Compu			
8.	Write only the correct	answe	r in the Answer Book. Do not	
	reproduce the question.			
.(1)	The membrance of vacuole is known as:			
-8-4	(a) Tonoplast	the second s		
11 Same	(c) Leucoplast	(d)	None of these	
(2)	The RNA which helps	in decc	oding of triplet codon is known	
MIX.	as :			
12.39		(b)	t RNA	
		(d)	None of these	
(3)	Transfer of material	from h	igher concentration to lower	
	concentration across semipermeable membrance is called			
	(a) mass flow			
	(c) Osmosis	(d)	None of these	
(4)	Loss of water in the f	orm of	vapours from living surface of	
	plants is termed as:			
Real Street	(a) Evaporation	(b)	Sublimation	
	(c) Evapotranspir	ation		
	(d) None of these		The second second second	
(5)	The movement of ma	terial w	ithin the plant body is known	
. 11	as:			
	(a) absorption	(b)	ascent of sap	
	(c) Translocation	(d)	chemotropism	
(6)				
	(a) air	(b)	water	
	(c) CO <sub>2</sub>	· (d)	ATP	
(7)	The study of plant co	mmunit	y is called	
	(a) Ecology			
	(c) Plant geograp	ohy(d)	None of these	
(8)	The bending moven	nent of	plant in response to light is	
	known as:			
	(a) Thigmotropis	sm (b)	transmotropism	
	(c) phototropism	(d)	None of these	
(9)	The occurrence of ve	getation	in layers is known as:	
	(a) Pattern	(b)	Stratification	
	(c) Scarification	(d)	Physiognomy	
(10)		refer to	grow in moderate habitats are	
	called as:	1		
	(a) Xerophytes	(b)	Hydrophytes	
1.1	(c) Heliophytes	(d)	None of these	

(11)	A part	ticular place whe	re the o	rganism lives is termed as:
		environment		
	(c)	Habitat (d)	None	of these
(12)	Pione	erspecies of xerc	sere are	
	(a)	Crustose liche	ns (b)	Foliose lichens
	(c)			Grasses
(13)	The s	trip of vegetation	1 plante	d to check the velocity of wind
	is call			
	(a)	Timberline	(b)	flag formation
	(c)	Sheiter belt	(d)	None of these
(14)	The fa	actors which are	concern	ed with soil are called as:
	(a)	Climatic facto	r (b)	Edaphich factors
	(c)	Topographic f	actors	
	(d)	Physiographic	factors	
(15)	The c	hromosomes are	compos	sed of:
10.5		Protein		DNA
		Protein and D		
폭습하는		None of these		
(16)	Test o	cross is a cross b	etween:	
	(a)	F1 and F1		
	(c)	F <sub>1</sub> and double		ve
A. 1. 1		None of these		
(17)	The c	colorless plastied		
+	(a)	Leucoplast	(b)	Chloroplast
	(c)	Chromoplast	(d)	None of these
(18)		are located on:	-	
()		Nucleus	(b)	DNA
		Ribosomes	and the second	Chromosomes
(19)		ion of Nucleus is		as:
1. St. 1.	Lines to A have	cytokinesis		Karyuokinesis
	Contraction of the second second second	Karyotypo		None of these
(20)	The c	ell organelle on	which ri	bosomes are present are called:
	(a)	Rough ER		Smooth E.R.
	(0)	Cytoplasm	(d)	None of these
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